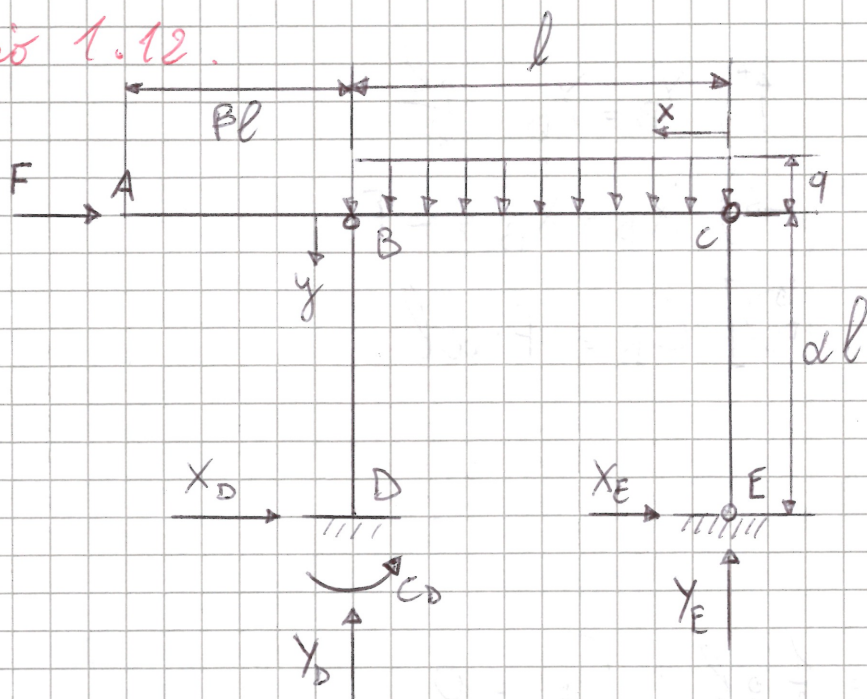
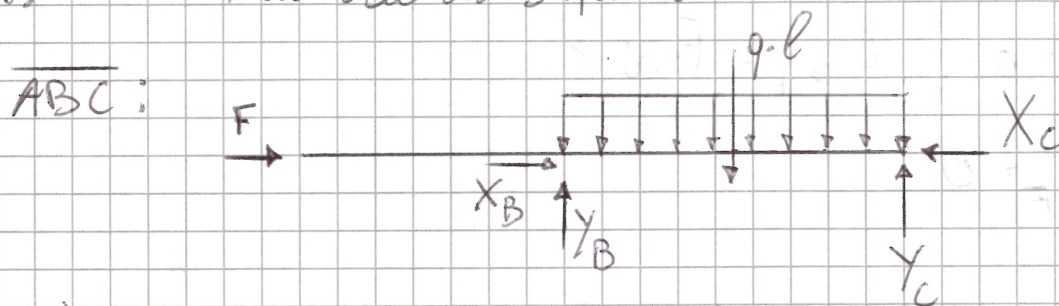


# Exercício 1.12.



Calcolo le reazioni vincolari della struttura instabile ( $3 + 2 + 2 + 1 = 3 \cdot 3$ )  
 Divido la struttura in 3 parti.

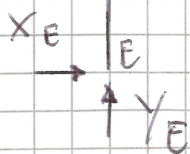


$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow^+ ) & Y_B + Y_C = ql \rightarrow Y_B = \frac{ql}{2} \\ \rightarrow^+ ) & F + X_B - X_C = 0 \\ \uparrow^+ ) & Y_C = \frac{ql}{2} \end{aligned}$$

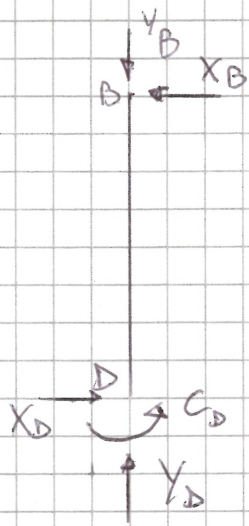
Nota che CE è una biella  $\Rightarrow X_C = 0; X_E = 0$

$$\rightarrow X_B = -F$$

CE:  $\frac{X_C}{C} \downarrow Y_C$       $Y_E = Y_C = \frac{ql}{2}$



BD:



$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow^+ ) & Y_B = Y_D = \frac{ql}{2} \\ \rightarrow^+ ) & X_D = X_B = -F \\ \curvearrowright^+ ) & C_D = F \cdot \alpha \cdot l \end{aligned}$$

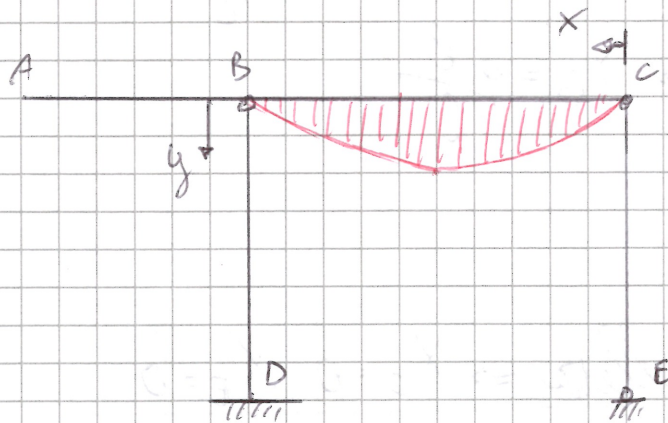
•  $X_{D,q} = 0$  ;  $Y_{D,q} = \frac{1}{2} ql$  ;  $C_{D,q} = 0$

$X_{E,q} = 0$  ;  $Y_{E,q} = \frac{1}{2} ql$

•  $X_{D,F} = -F$  ;  $Y_{D,F} = 0$  ;  $C_{D,F} = F \cdot \alpha \cdot l$

$X_{E,F} = 0$  ;  $Y_{E,F} = 0$

•  $M_f$  von  $q$

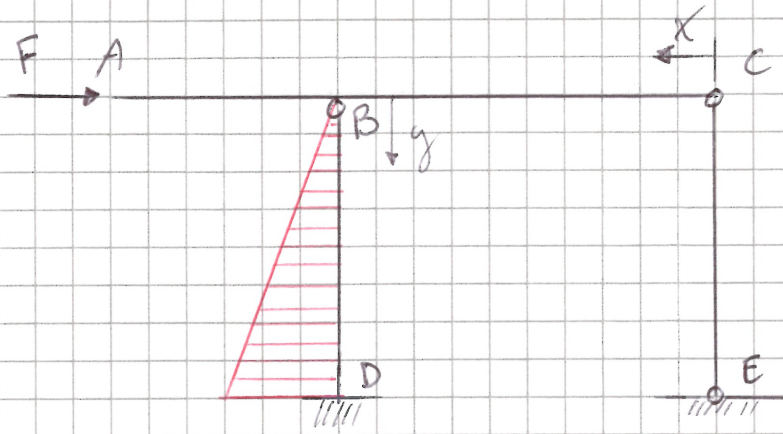


$$M_{f,BC,q} = \frac{qlx}{2} - q \frac{x^2}{2}$$

$$M_{f,BD,q} = 0$$



• Momento de F



$$M_{CB, F} = 0$$

$$M_{BD, F} = F \cdot y$$